



CADMUS



Impact Evaluation Highlights: 2020-2021 Cold-Climate Heat Pump (CCHP) Pilots with Income Qualified Multifamily & Small Business Customers

Presented by:

Joseph Forcillo, Consumers Energy
Noah Lieb, Apex Analytics
Sagar Deo, TRC Companies

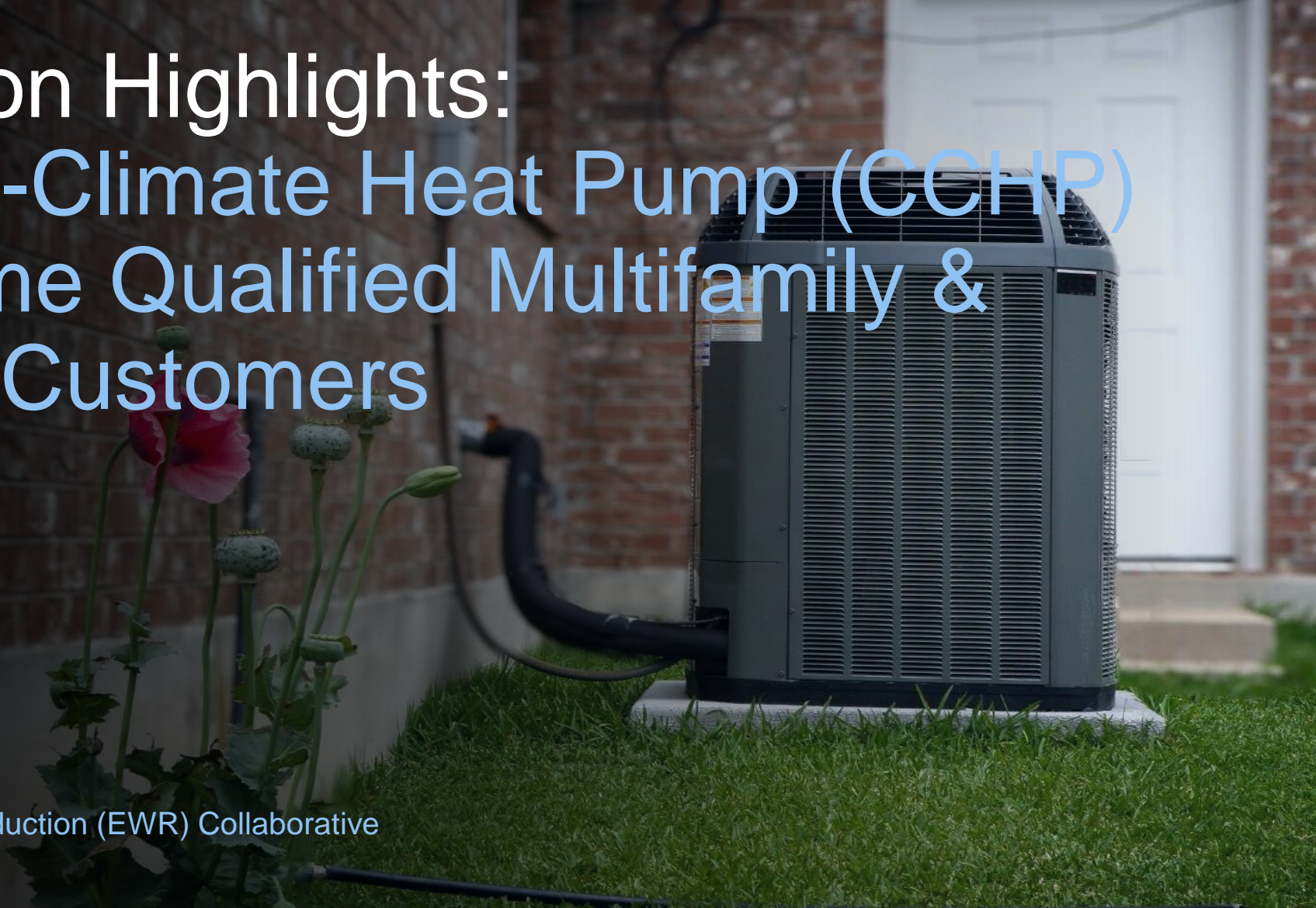
CCHP Pilot Management:

Shawn Starkweather
Trevor Blattner
Consumers Energy

Evaluation Management:

Jenny Sample & Matt Rife
Product Research & Evaluation
Consumers Energy

Presented to the Michigan Energy Waste Reduction (EWR) Collaborative
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Agenda

- High Level Background of Pilot
- Energy Impacts: Main Findings & Lessons Learned
- Income Qualified Multifamily Highlights
- Q&A
- Small Business Pilot Highlights
- Q&A
- Available Appendices with Methodology

Background & Main Impact Findings

2020-2021 CCHP Customer Initiatives

The MPSC authorized two primary cold-climate heat pump (CCHP) initiatives in the Company's final approved **2020-2023 Energy Waste Reduction Plan** (Case No. U-20372):



1. Dedicated Income Qualified product CCHP investment with installation targets for both single and multifamily units



2. CCHP retrofit pilot for homes and businesses heated with non-MPSC-regulated fuels such as propane

Customer Groups for CCHP Initiatives

Company created CCHP efforts targeted to **4** customer segments

Today's presentation **begins introduction** to evaluation results & focuses on **energy impact** evaluation results of **2** customer segments.



Residential customers with electric or distributed fuel heating



Income-qualified single-family customers with electric or distributed fuel heating



Income-qualified multifamily customers with electric heating



Small business customers with propane or wood-fired heating

Portion of an 8-part Comprehensive Evaluation



Residential Single Family

- Participant surveys
- Billing analysis



Income-qualified Multifamily

- Property owner interviews
- Tenant surveys
- Billing analysis



Commercial

- Participant interviews
- Equipment metering

+ Cross-cutting: Contractors, Distributors, and Manufacturers Interviews

- Comprehensive results are included in evaluation reports filed in 2021 and 2022 which include process & impact evaluation results for all segments.
- Let us know if interest in additional presentations on that detail in future EWR Collaboratives.

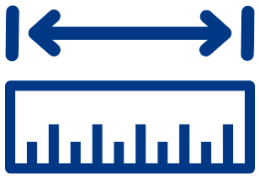
Overview: IQ Multifamily Pilot

Pilot Background



The pilot was implemented from 2020-2021 and offered **free CCHP unit installations** to Income Qualified Multifamily customers

Impact Evaluation



To **assess impact on energy consumption** of installing CCHP units in multifamily apartments

Analysis Methodology



Estimate energy savings by analyzing pre/post install billing data from **663 CCHP participants relative to non-participants**

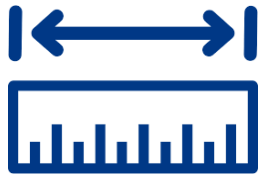
Overview: Small Business CCHP Pilot

Pilot Background



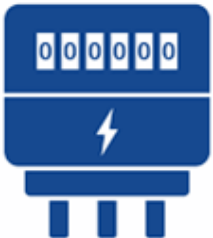
The pilot was implemented through 2021 and offered **free CCHP unit installations** to small business customers

Impact Evaluation



The **impact** evaluation goal was to **quantify the impacts** of installing CCHP units on customer's energy consumption and GHG emissions

Analysis Methodology



The usage of **22 CCHP units** installed through the pilot were metered to analyze the energy-saving results

Major Findings



Most Income Qualified Multifamily electrically heated pilot homes that installed cold climate heat pumps **saved energy, but 20% had a negative outcome** and saw significant increases in bills:

- 80% of customers saved energy and **reduced bills 32% on average**
- 20% of customers saw **consumption and bills increase by 24%**



Small business customers that installed Cold Climate Heat Pumps:

- Reduced average cooling electricity usage by **36% (2,875 kWh)** and heating energy usage by **74% (1,001 MMBtu)**
- Reduced average carbon dioxide emissions by **44% (88,870 lb)**

Impact Lessons Learned



Need for additional analysis and efforts to avoid negative outcomes for these customers least able to afford them:

- Additional analysis of appropriate use cases for heat pumps among IQ customers
- Exploring communications/training solutions to reduce usage that increases bills such as use of redundant baseboard heating



Need for additional strategies to:

- Educate contractors on importance of installing in high occupancy areas to maximize usage and savings
- Providing additional training and appropriate use information to customers to maximize savings

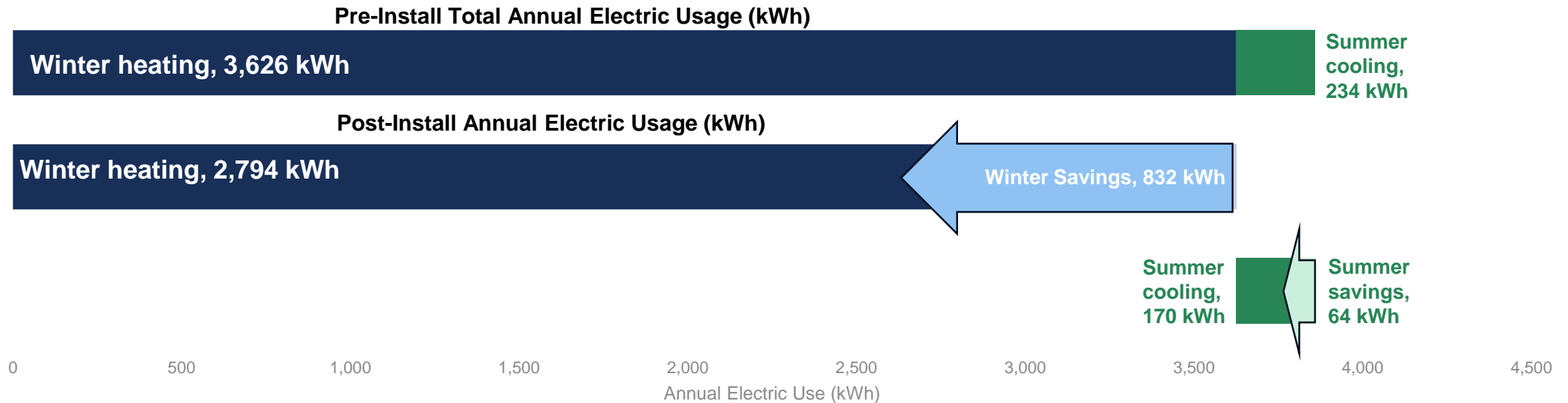
Income Qualified Multifamily Pilot: Impact Evaluation Highlights

Evaluation: Noah Lieb, Apex Analytics

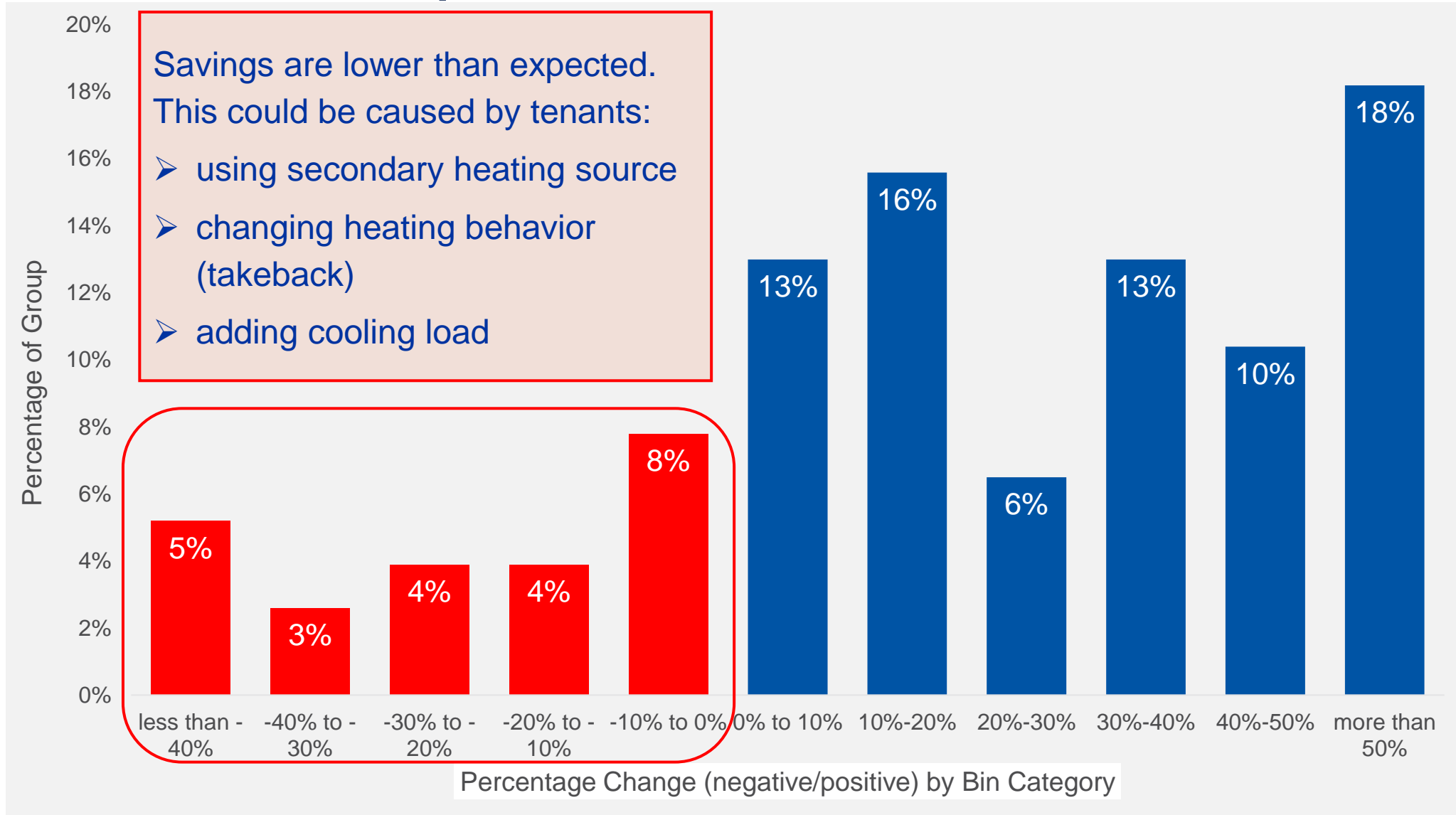


Heat Pumps Saved Energy Across both Seasons

Participants saved **832 kWh (23%)** of their pre-period winter heating electricity usage and **64 kWh (27%)** of their pre-period summer electricity usage

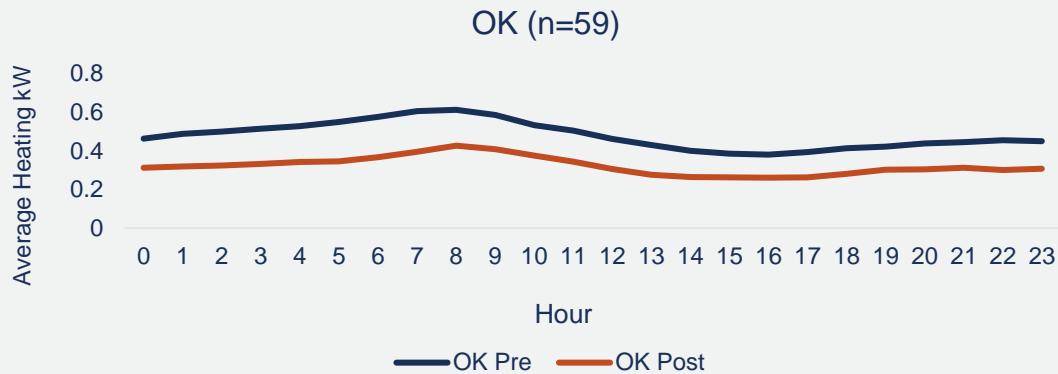


20% of Participants Saw **Increased Use**

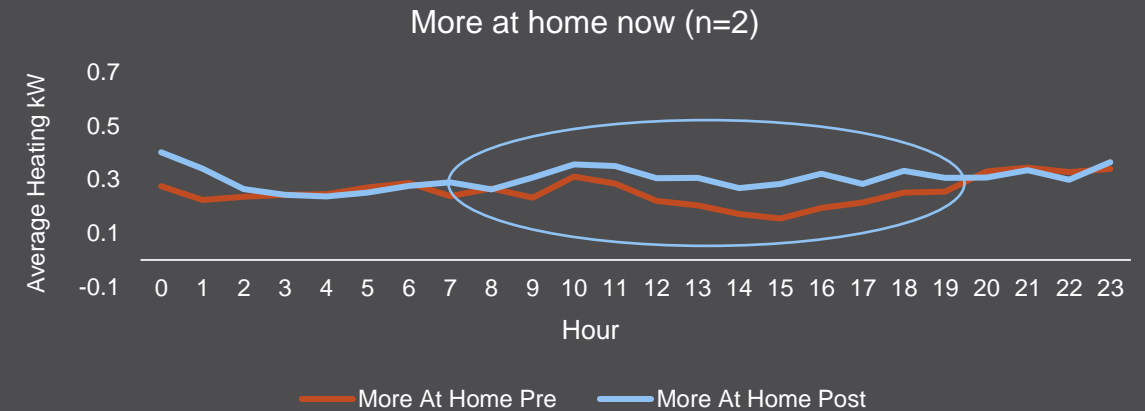


Deeper Analysis of Energy Savings Revealed...

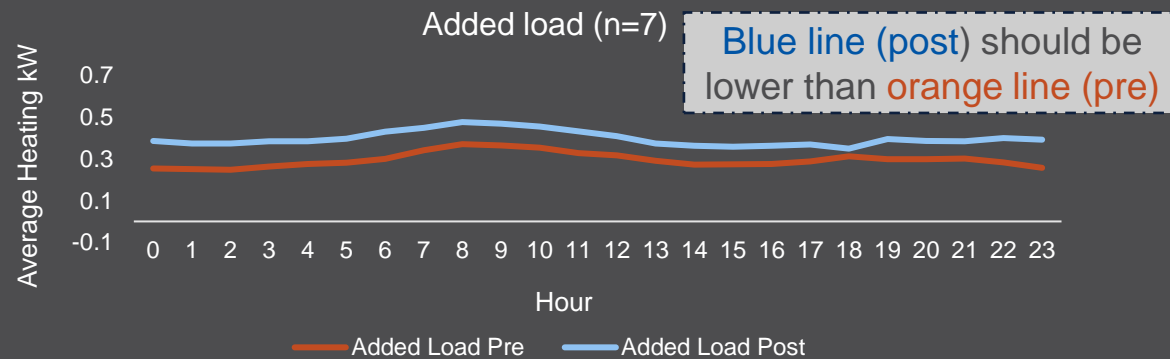
Expected changes in usage (**31% savings**)



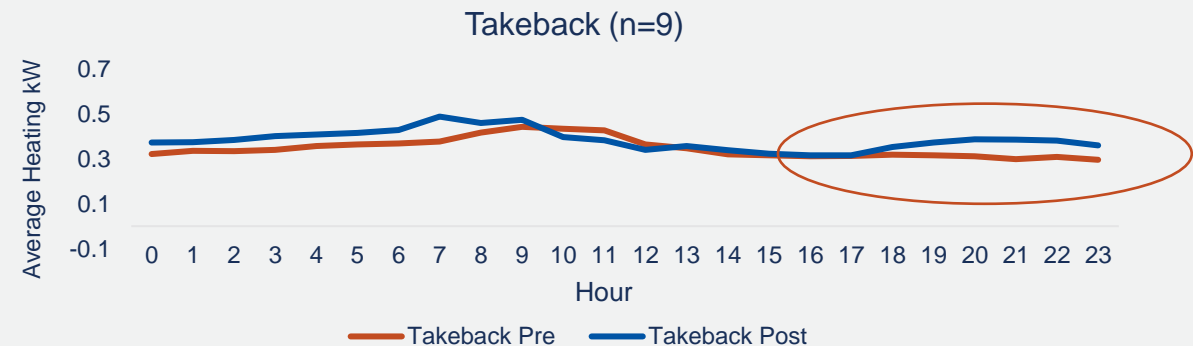
More at home usage post COVID (**19% increase**)



Added heating load (**35% increase**)



Evening takeback (**11% increase**)



Conclusions and Recommendations on Impact

On average, participants are **saving 23%** of their annual electricity use (23% of heating and 27% of their cooling usage), **but 20% having negative outcome with increased usage & bills.**

Review appropriate customers and segments for cold-climate heat pumps initiatives.

Savings are **lower than expected and some customers seeing increase.** Explanations include tenant's continued use of baseboard heating or non-optimal use of the new CCHP systems.

Review materials left behind for tenants and clarify instructions on how to optimize CCHP usage.

Questions?



Small Business Pilot: Impact Evaluation Highlights

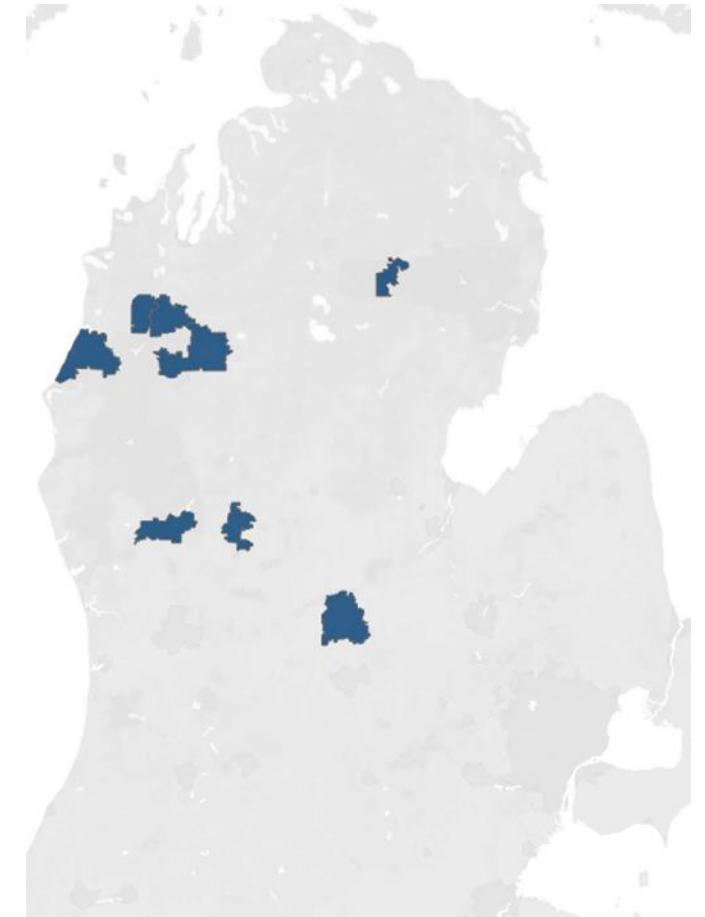
Sagar Deo, TRC Companies



Pilot Participants

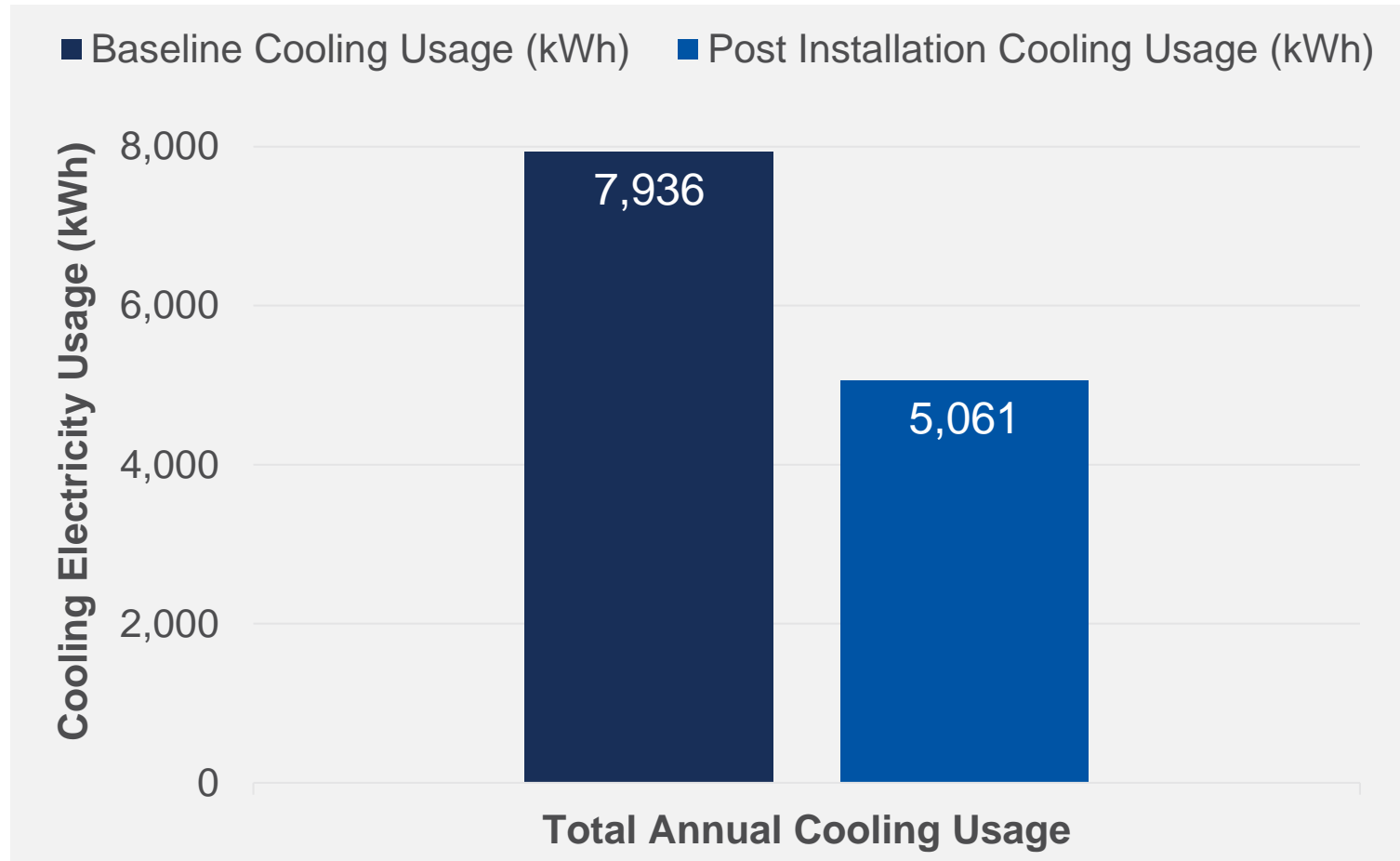
22 heat pumps were installed at **9 sites**

Site ID	Business Type	City	Installed Heat Pump Capacity (ton)	Number of Units Analyzed
1	Small Retail (Auto Sales)	Lakeview	5	2
2	Fire Station	Mesick	3	1
3	Light Industrial	Cadillac	3	1
4	Full-Service Restaurant	Copemish	8	2
5	Small Retail (Hardware Store)	Copemish	5	2
6	Municipal Building	Luzerne	3	1
7	Primary School	St John	37	7
8	Religious Building	Newaygo	10.5	5
9	Animal Shelter	Manistee	6.5	1
Total			81	22



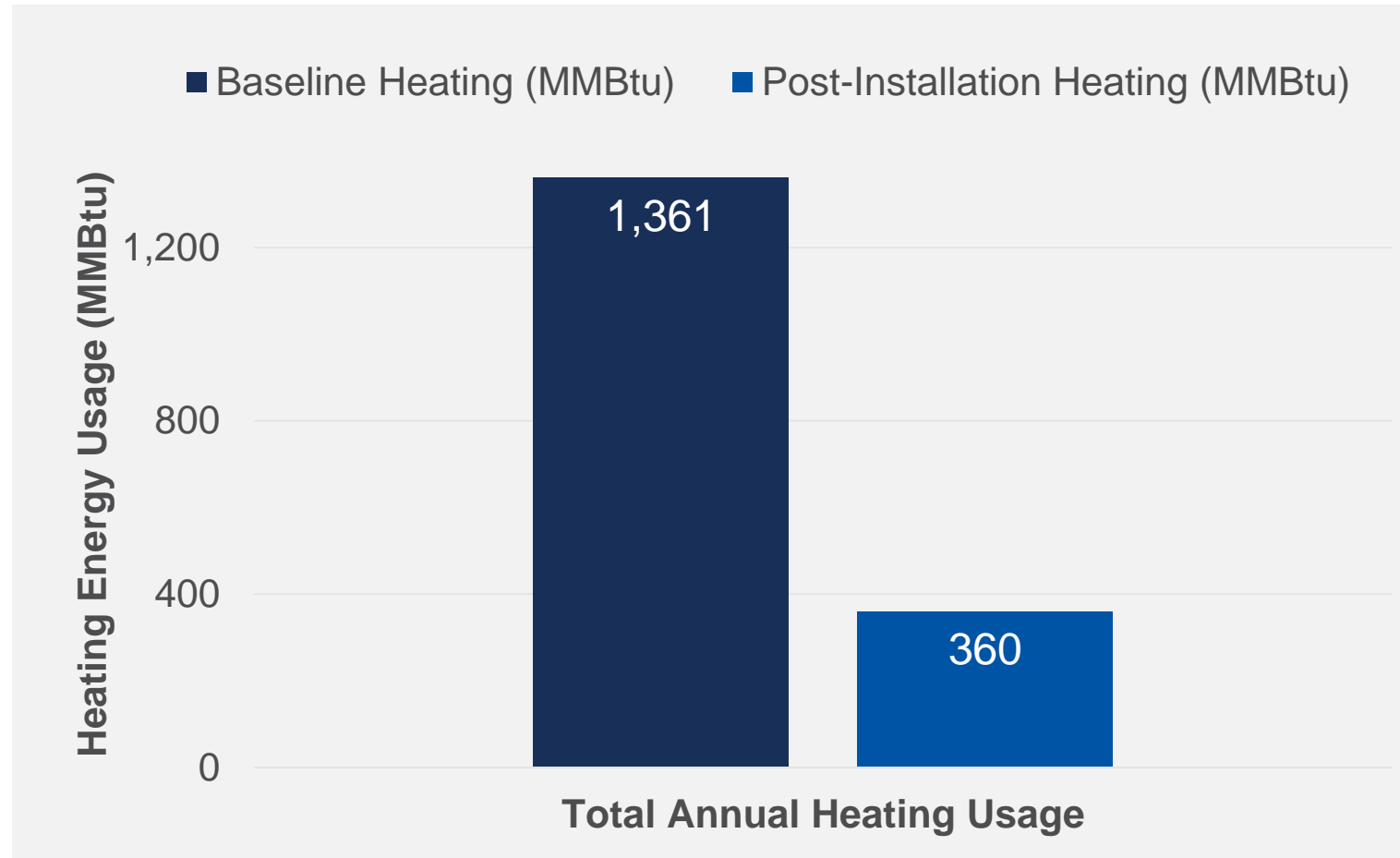
The pilot achieved a 36% reduction in cooling energy use.

Cold-climate heat pumps **reduced total cooling electricity usage** across all sites by **36% (2,875 kWh)** on average across customers who had an existing baseline cooling system.



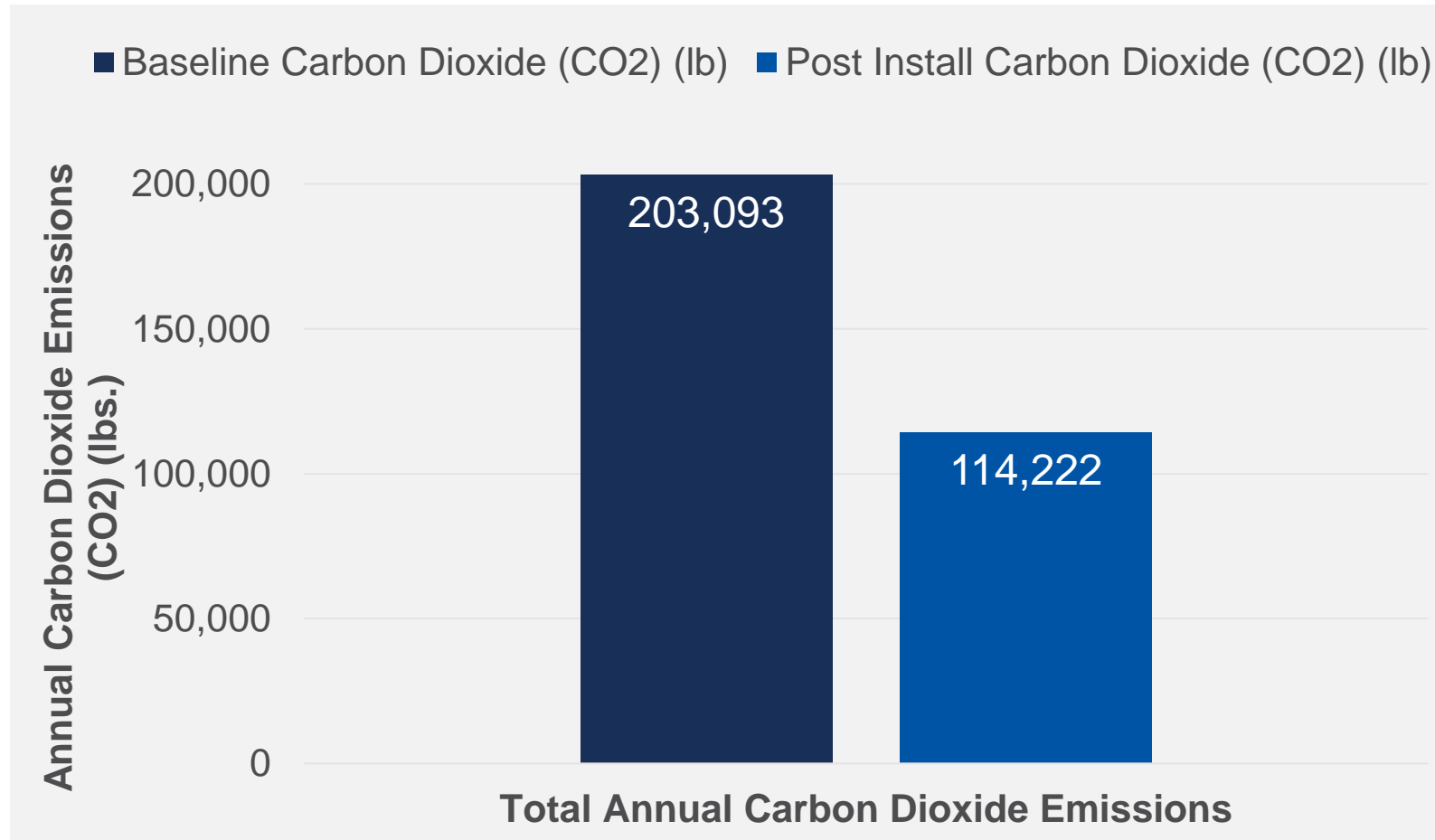
The pilot achieved a 74% reduction in heating energy use.

Cold-climate heat pumps **reduced propane** and **increased electricity** usage, resulting in a **net decrease of 74% (1,001 MMBtu)** in total heating energy consumption across all sites.



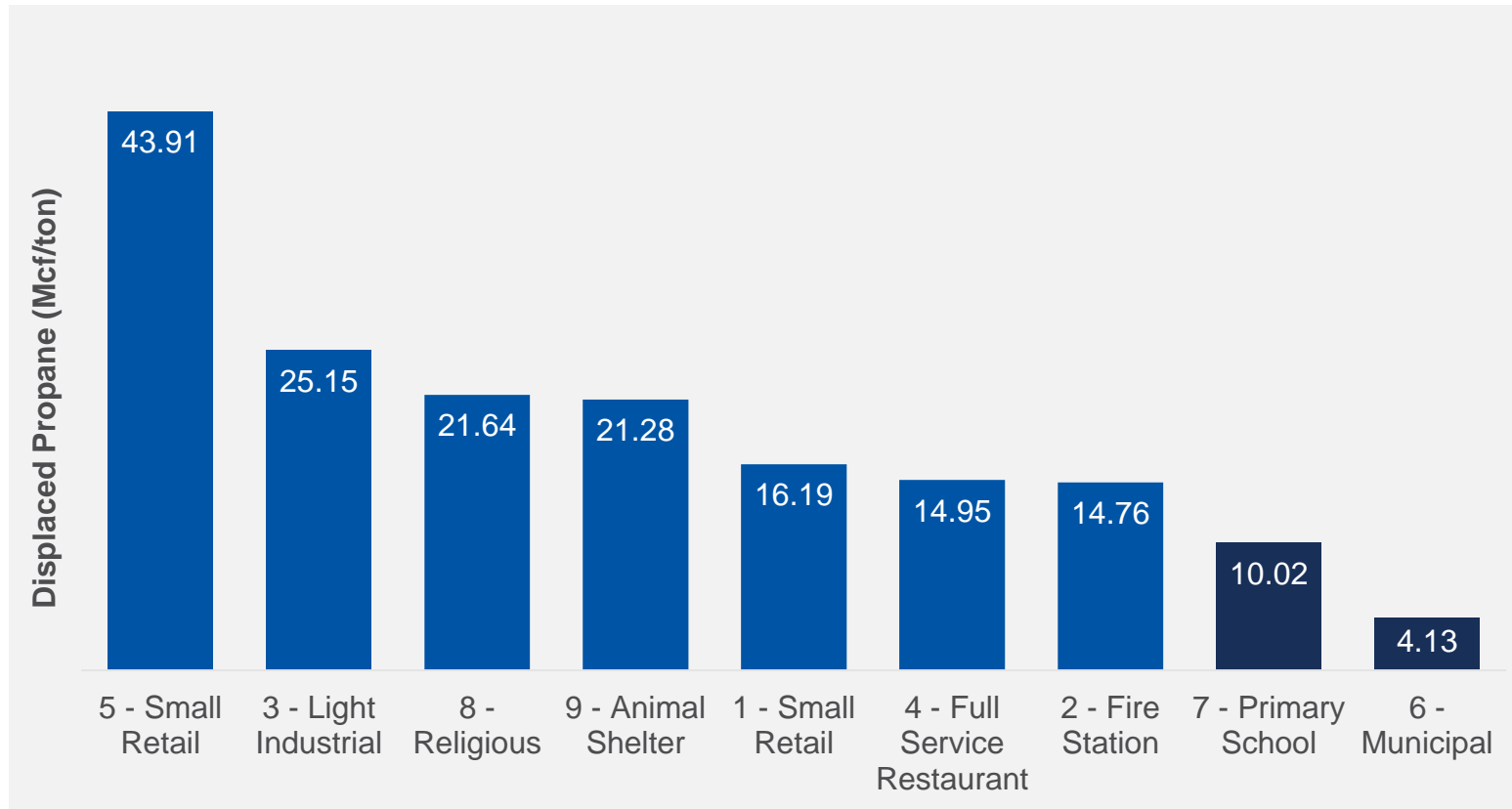
The Pilot achieved a 44% reduction in CO2 emissions.

Cold-climate heat pumps reduced carbon dioxide emissions by 44% (88,870 lbs.) across all sites.



Finding

Use of a heat pump can vary significantly based on configuration and occupancy



CCHP units installed at **Site 6** and **Site 7** provided **significantly less heating** than units at other locations.

- CCHP unit at **Site 6** was part of a hybrid system **configured to use mostly propane** and the building had **low occupancy**
- One CCHP unit at **Site 7** was **not correctly integrated** with the building automation system

Recommendations to Improve Impact



Conduct Customer Training Sessions

- Contractors should teach customers how to use controls and settings
- Implementation team should develop reference material for customers



Install Heat Pumps In High-Use Areas

Ensure that heat pumps are installed in

- High-use locations with
- Higher hours of occupied operation

Questions?





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Thank You!

Contacts for More Information or Questions:

Income Qualified Multifamily Pilot

Impact Evaluation:

Noah Lieb

Apex Analytics (Cadmus Evaluation Team)
(303) 590-9888 ext. 103 | noahl@apexanalyticsllc.com

IQ CCHP Pilot Lead:

Shawn Starkweather

Consumers Energy

(517) 374-2262 | shawn.a.starkweather@cmsenergy.com

Small Business CCHP Pilot

Impact Evaluation:

Sagar Deo

TRC

(201) 508-6554 | sdeo@trccompanies.com

Business EWR Pilots:

Trevor Blattner

Consumers Energy

(616) 738-3261 | Trevor.Blattner@cmsenergy.com

Appendices

Appendix A: Income Qualified Multifamily Detailed Methodology and Sample Attrition

Billing Analysis Methodology

STEP 1: COLLECT AMI ELECTRIC USAGE



Compile Consumers Energy AMI data for each household

STEP 2: PERFORM DISAGGREGATION



Estimate hourly disaggregation / weather-normalization models for each customer

Estimate the heating and cooling kilowatt components of usage

STEP 3: MATCH NONPARTICIPANT GROUP



Develop a baseline comparison of nonparticipants matched to participant pre-installation usage

STEP 4: ASSESS CHANGE IN ENERGY USE



Determine energy savings as the difference in energy usage between participants and nonparticipants in the pre- and post-installation periods

Successful Baseline Period Matching

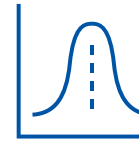
Pre-installation usage patterns for participants (treatment) and nonparticipants (control)



Verified similar usage

Participants: **3,626 kWh** annual heating
234 kWh annual cooling

Nonparticipants: **3,610 kWh** annual heating
236 kWh annual cooling



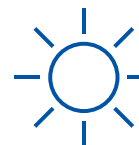
Cleaned the data

Looked for new tenants, abnormal tenant usage behavior, vacancy, and non-program induced changes



Weather normalized the data

Accounted for differences in weather and climate



Sample and Attrition: Final Participant Group

Participant and nonparticipant groups showed typical attrition rates for this type of analysis

Screen	Participants	Nonparticipants
Initial Requested Sample (Unit or Household)	97	2,329
AMI Data Available	96	2,308
Determined That Dwelling Used Electric Heating	96	145
Sufficient Pre-Post Billing Data	94	145
Pre-Post Change within 70%	87	132
Remove Outliers/Vacancies	77	132
Passed Pre-Post Hourly PRISM Models/Hourly Prediction	77	119
Matching Usage to Participants	N/A	112
Final	77	112

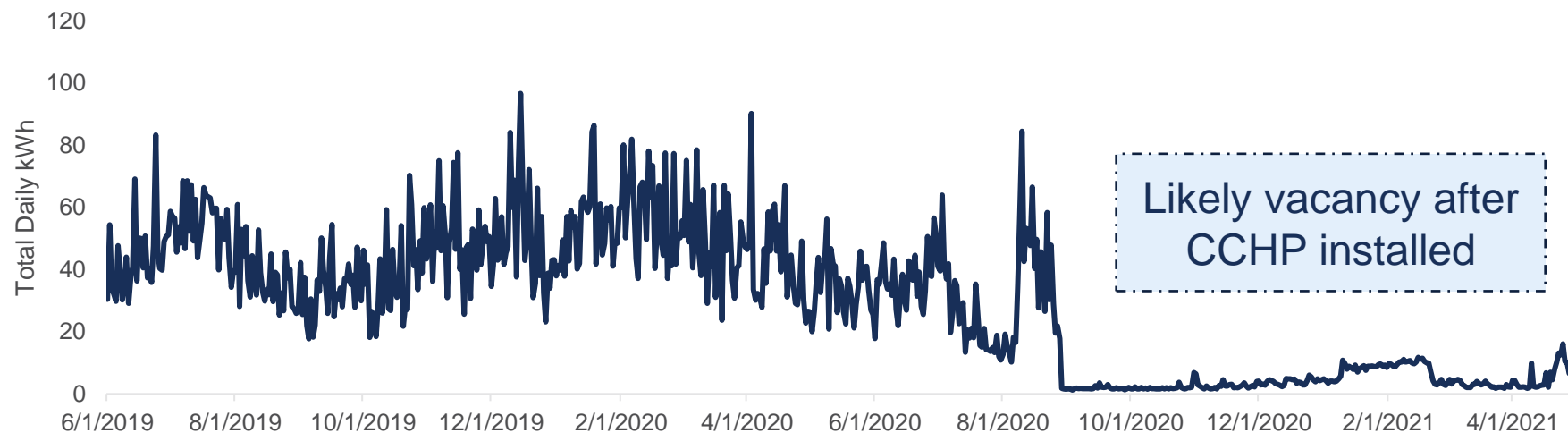
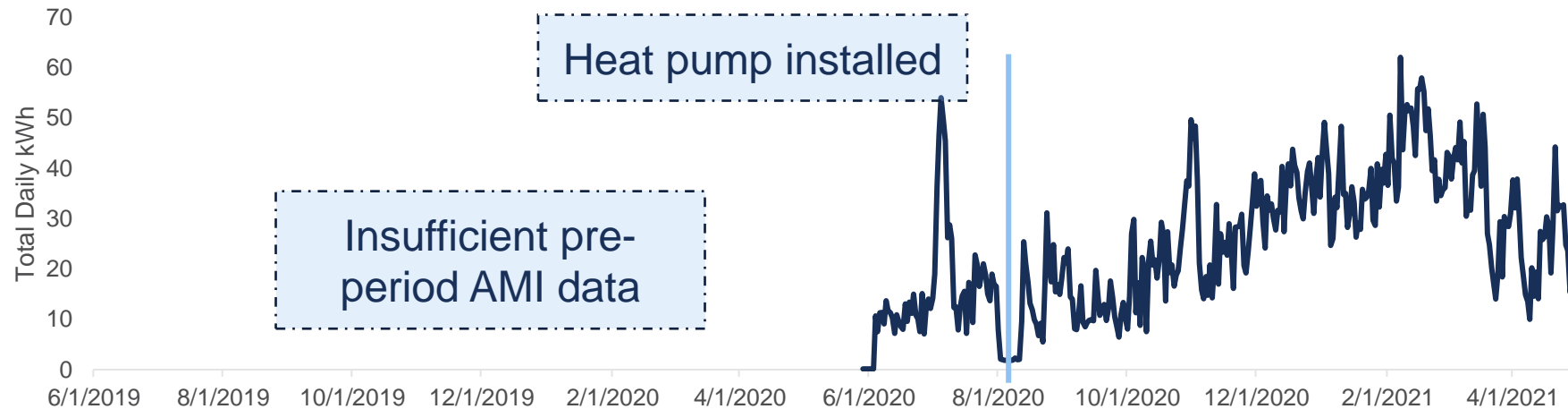
Nonparticipant Attrition:
9% had electric heat signature (consistent with expectations)

77% of electrically heated nonparticipants were kept in the analysis

Participant Attrition: 79% of accounts were kept in the final analysis

Analysis Attrition Examples

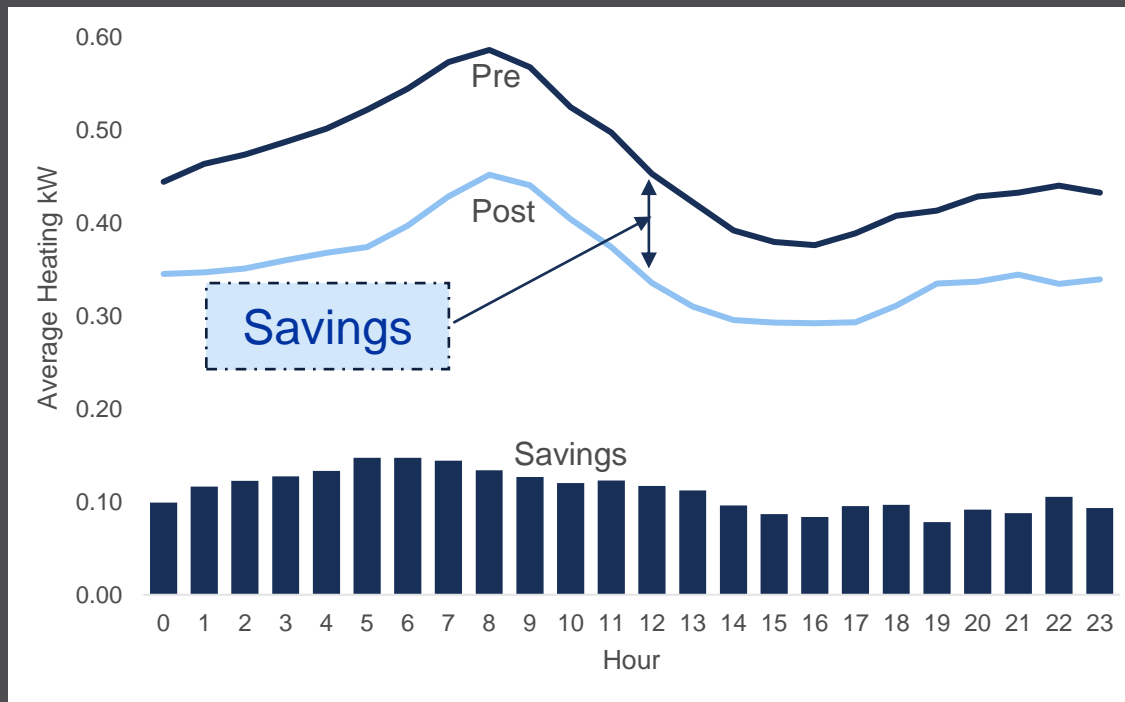
Households were removed from the analysis due to data anomalies



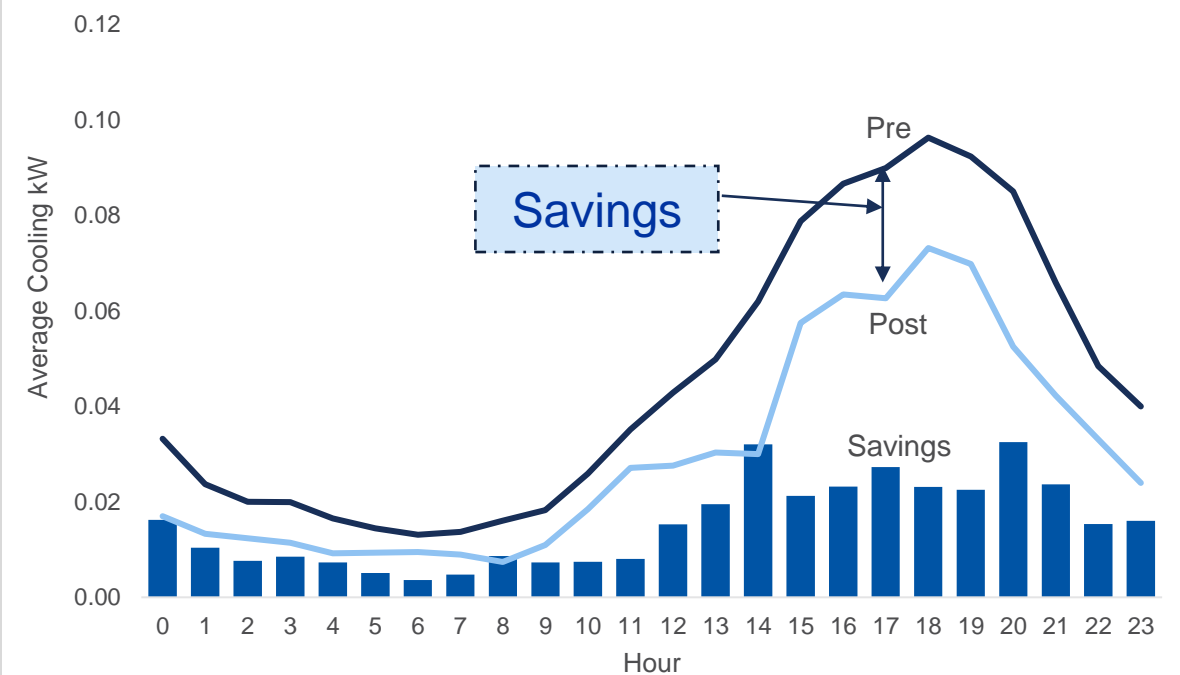
Appendix A: Income Qualified Multifamily Detailed Findings

Temperature drives hourly energy savings

WINTER HEATING: 23% SAVINGS

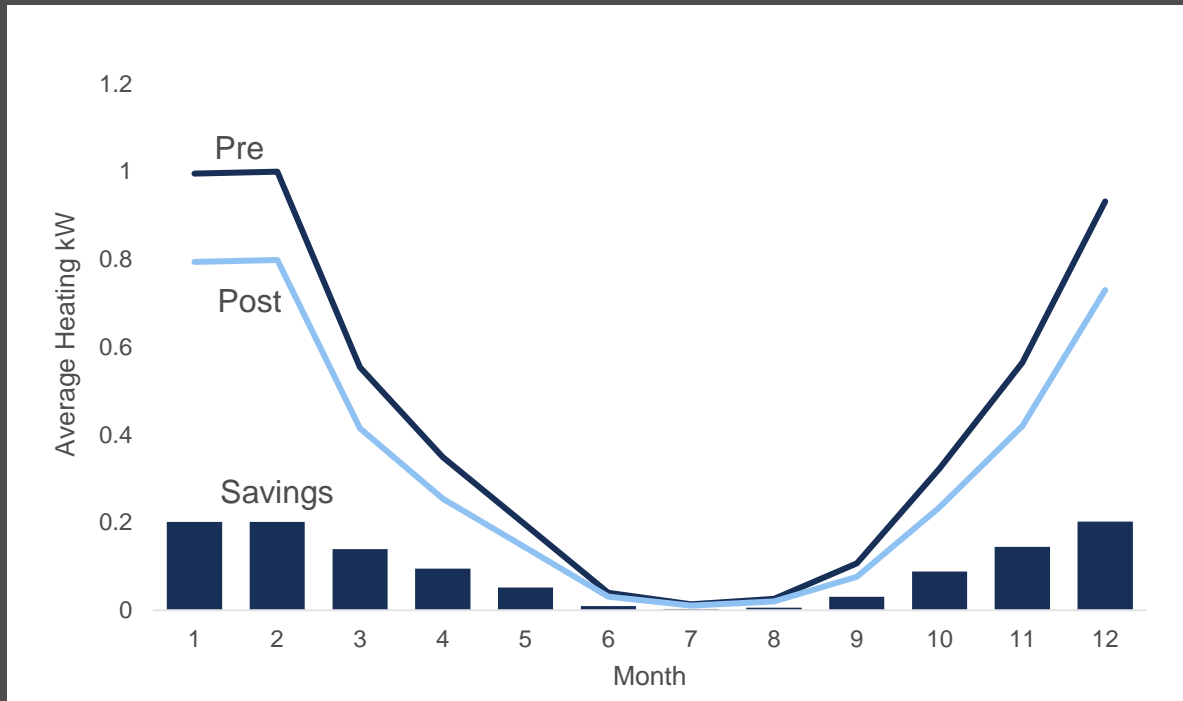


SUMMER COOLING: 27% SAVINGS



Seasonality drives annual electric energy savings

WINTER HEATING : 23% SAVINGS



SUMMER COOLING : 27% SAVINGS



Appendix B: Small Business Detailed Methodology & Findings

Analysis Methodology

Metered data was used to estimate the annual heating (MMBtu) and cooling (kWh) energy savings.

STEP 1



Estimate weather-normalized propane and electric energy consumption for **baseline** heating and cooling systems.

STEP 2



Estimate weather-normalized heating and cooling electric energy consumption for **CCHP units**.

STEP 3



Estimate **annual heating energy savings** as the difference between baseline and CCHP unit heating consumption (in MMBtu).

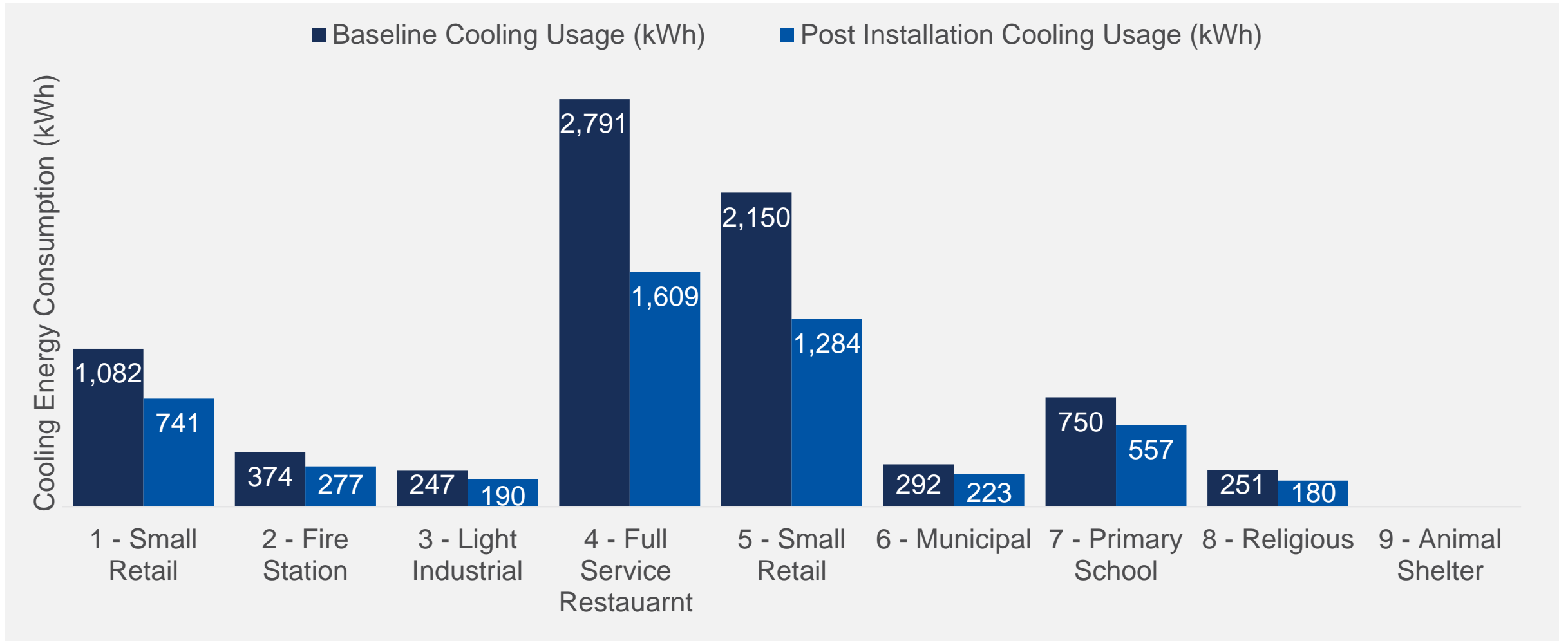
STEP 4



Estimate **annual cooling energy savings** as the difference between baseline and CCHP unit cooling consumption.

Impact on Energy Usage: Cooling

Baseline and Post-Installation Cooling Usage by Site



Impact on Energy Usage: Heating

Baseline and Post Installation Heating Usage by Site

